Adaptive Control in Smart Home Environments

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I. Introduction

A **smart home** refers to an indoor living environment, where different kinds of devices can interconnect together and interface with each other accordingly, making the lives of inhabitants more comfortable.



System adaptive control is therefore important in associating services and devices with users, acting as the brain of a smart home to understand its users and provide supervised services.

II. Motivation and Objective

Research objective here is to develop a framework of home adaptive control where:

- Analysing information collected on home devices about user activities and environment condition.
- Predicting user's needs and adjusting settings of home environments in advance.

III. Methodologies

Stage 1: Activity Recognition

Stage 2: Semantic Interoperability

Stage 3: Machine Learning

IV. Progress

System Architecture Learning & Decision Making Activity Change of Raw data User activity detection environment Sensor 1 Activity Classifier Actuator m Sensor 2 : Relate Actuator n Sensor i Sensor j Sensor q Ontology

Activity Recognition Tests

 ARAS Dataset is used to compare performance of commonly used classification methods in stage 1.

Feedback

Ontology Design

 An ontology with detailed components in smart home is proposed for establishing relations among user, services and devices in stage 2.

V. Future Works

- Association via terms and concepts in proposed ontology for Stage 2.
- Use of **multimedia datasets** to build up testing environments for reinforcement learning for Stage 3.

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